A Study on Quality Checking of National Scholar Content DB

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ABSTRACT

The national management and retrieval service of the national scholar Content DB are very important. High quality content can improve the user’s utilization and satisfaction and be a strong base for both the citation index creation and the calculation of journal impact factors. Therefore, the system is necessary to check data quality effectively. We have closely studied and developed a web-based data quality checking system that will support anything from raw digital data to its automatic validation as well as hands-on validation, all of which will be discussed in this paper.

Keywords: Scholar Content, Data Quality, Data Quality Checking System

1. INTRODUCTION

The quality management of DB in the nationwide private companies and the public areas are drawing more and more attentions, because the processing of incorrect data results in the degradation of satisfaction degree of data service and it becomes an obstacle that reduces the value of the utilization of the data. KISTI has built the academic paper DB for 452 academic societies in domestic science and technology areas while executing the academic society informatization support project since 1996, and provides the service through the Korea Society Community of Science and Technology and NDSL site[1][2].

Especially, this academic paper DB is used for the base DB to generate the citation index and the academic journal citation indexing, in order to build KSCI, SCI that is customized for Korean environment, consequently errors in the data are directly related to producing incorrect indexes[3]. Therefore, the quality of the data processing is very important and a system that can efficiently verify the accuracy of the quality is required. Many researches have been carried out both domestically and internationally for data quality management and evaluation, but the research and development tools for verifying the quality of correct data considering the factors and environments for academic paper DB are not sufficient. With this background, this paper presents the research, implementation, and application to the actual working environment for the process and the system of verification of the quality of the processed data for academic paper DB.

2. RELATED RESEARCH

There have been active researches on related areas where the importance of data quality management is emphasized. Most of the earlier researches on the data quality management were the researches on the quality of the data values. The most representative case is the one of Bell lab of AT&T, in which they emphasize the importance of the data quality in 1994, and the accuracy, reliability, up-to-date, completeness, and consistency were presented as the quality evaluation measure for evaluating the data quality[4]. After that, people were getting interested in the structural quality such as fundamental data design structure. Lately the research has been heading toward the unified data quality management adding the concept of data management process.

In Korea, KDB (Korea Database Agency) developed the database quality evaluation guide in 1998 and database quality evaluation model in 2002, presented the expanded model in 2003, and revised the model in 2006 [5]-[7]. The quality evaluation model presented by KDB expands the quality of the data base including not only the quality of data and system but also the data management process.

Separately, KISTI has constructed standard XML of academic papers and has defined and revised an input instruction about the headlines in order to precisely process and control domestic academic paper DB [8]-[10]. In addition, KISTI has developed 2 systems: the input system is applying an input instruction and academic information administration system is managing the processing procedure, so that they have been utilized in data processing [11]-[13].

3. QUALITY CHECKING PROCESS

The process of verifying the data processing, DB establishment, and the data quality was designed as shown in the Fig 1. Based on the electronic files of the papers collected
through on-line base, data are processed to KISTI academic information XML, and business rule based automatic test and sampling manual test are executed repeatedly until the quality certification once the delivery is made through the effectiveness of XML.

Fig. 1. Quality Checking Process

The standard for checking the quality of the academic paper processing data for each step of quality inspection is defined as shown in the table 1.

Table 1. Type of errors for each major item  
(Article & reference documents)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scholar Content (Meta &amp; Original)</th>
<th>Reference</th>
<th>Error Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Main Item</td>
<td>Error Type</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Publication</td>
<td>Institute Code</td>
<td>Original Information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Publication</td>
<td>KOCO</td>
<td>Original Omission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volume</td>
<td>Volume Location</td>
<td>Journal Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article Name</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>Conference Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Author Name</td>
<td>Letter</td>
<td>Volume</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Author Name &amp; Duplicates</td>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Classification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Author Name &amp; Duplicate Info</td>
<td>Author Name</td>
<td>Letter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Author Order</td>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Classification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abstract</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>Language used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Keyword</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>DCS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language used</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>Language used</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reference</td>
<td>Reference</td>
<td>Standard Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Original PDF</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>Metadata</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administration Number</td>
<td>Error</td>
<td>Metadata</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. QUALITY CHECKING SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT

The process for checking the quality of the academic paper processing data was implemented on the KISTI academic information unified management system [14]. Fig 2 is the online collection screen for electronic paper files which are loaded by journal publisher (society, association, research center).

Fig. 2. Online collection screen for electronic paper files

Management functions to track and monitor the history of the manual sampling test are implemented as shown in Fig 3. And the business rule editor was implemented as shown in Fig 4,5 so that new type or error found from the manual test can be added, registered, and managed to the business rule for automatic test.

Fig. 3. Sample Quality Checking History

Fig. 4. Business Rule Editor

Fig. 5. Business Rule Validation Checker
In result, the same type of error can be detected in the automatic testing stage from the next time so that the time and resources for manual test can be reduced gradually. Figure 6 shows the screen to manage frequent errors by the business rules based on these data. Therefore, the data are automatically checked by these business rules.

5. CONCLUSION

The process for checking the quality of the academic paper processing data was implemented on the KISTI academic information unified management system. Fig. 2 is the online collection screen for electronic paper files, data processing quality of the academic paper DB. The systematic process was designed for the series of process from collecting the electronic paper files, verification of the effectiveness of the processed data in XLM format, business rule based automatic test, to the sampling manual test and the corresponding system was implemented to establish the foundation for verifying the data quality accurately.

In the future, we plan to develop the quality evaluation indexes suitable for academic paper DB and apply them to this system. We will improve and complement the system by intense development of the deepness of the data processing and expanding the range of quality verification at the same time.

REFERENCES

Korea Society Community of Science and Technology

NDSL(National Digital Science Links)

KSCI(Korea Science Citation Index Service)


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